# The Lost Mother

Written by Sarah Prince Illustrated by Chantal Stewart

# Getting ready for reading

You might ask: *Have you ever been lost? What happened? How did you feel? How did you get found?* 

# Talking through the book

You could say: *This is a book about a mother who gets lost. It is called 'The Lost Mother'*. Turn through the book ensuring that children are familiar with the items being shopped for. Model the form of the text. You might say [p. 4]: *What are they buying here? Yes they got some bread, some cake and some biscuits* – and so on.

## Reading the book

Children read the book independently while the teacher observes the children's reading behaviours.

# **Teaching opportunities**

Select the most appropriate teaching focus for the learning needs of the group.

## Being a meaning maker

Discuss these questions. Encourage children to support their responses with evidence from the book. *What did the boy buy?* 

What did the boy buy? Where did he look for his mother? How did the mother get lost?

## Being a code breaker

#### Vocabulary

- High-frequency words: the, and, I, went, we, got, some, no, was, my, she, with, me, where, did, go, to, looked, for, said
- Word families: got cot, dot, hot, jot,lot, not, pot, rot, spot, shot, trot back – lack, knack, pack, rack, sack, stack, tack, track went – bent, rent, sent, tent, vent

#### Sounds and letters

• Hearing words: Children can listen to sentences from the book read aloud and count how many words they hear.



#### TEXT FEATURES

- This book is a narrative about a child's trip to the supermarket with his mother. The mother gets lost and the boy looks for her until she is found again.
- Text is supported by colour illustrations.
- Between one and five lines of text per page.
- Line breaks support phrasing.
- Presents a range of punctuation.

• Hearing sounds: Children can listen for words that start with a given sound in a range of sentences from the book: For example, listen for the words that start with /b/ in *We got some bread, some buns and some biscuits*.

#### Writing conventions

- Punctuation: capital letters, full stops, commas, ellipses, question marks, quotation marks, exclamation marks
- Use of commas and 'and' in lists of things
- Grammar: use of past tense got, went, looked

#### Being a text user

Discuss: What do the illustrations tell you about why the boy's mother got lost?

## Being a text critic

Discuss: What does this mother like to do? Are all mothers like the mother in the story? What does the author think about this mother?

# Literacy learning centres

## m Interactive literacy centre

Children work in cooperative groups to make a roll movie or multimedia presentation retelling the story.

A roll movie is a shortened version of the book, retold in the child's own words. It includes the important details, plot episodes and illustrations. (See Blackline Master 5 for how to make a roll movie.)



## Miting centre

Children write an imaginary story about their own visit to a supermarket when either they or their mother or father got lost. Alternatively, they could create their ideal shopping list.

## **Word centre**

Children play Concentration with high-frequency words from the book. Make two sets of cards for them to match.

# Keeping track

Checklists can be made in advance, focusing on the skills to be assessed. As children demonstrate the focus skill, a tick can be made against their name. For example:

Can identify:

- capital letter
- full stop
- word starting with /b/